qPCR Plant Gender Plant Pathogen Detection Kits on the BIO-RAD CFX96 Touch™ Real-Time PCR Detection System



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Introduction

The FemINDICAtor™ plant gender detection kit and the PathoSEEK™Plant Pathogen detection kits use a multiplexing strategy with an internal plant DNA reaction control to ensure accurate detection of plant gender or powdery mildew contamination for every reaction. Unlike other techniques, this multiplexing strategy verifies the performance of the assay when detecting gender or Plant Pathogens, resulting in the minimization of false negatives due to reaction set-up errors or failing experimental conditions.

Plant Gender and Plant Pathogen Analysis Quick Table

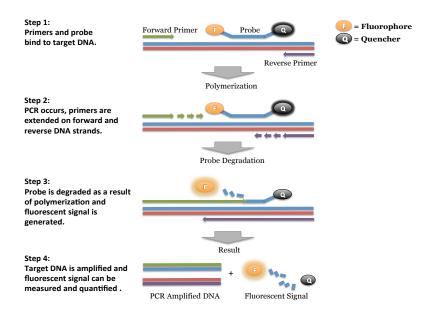
Assay	Cq Value	Fluor	Negative Control (Cq)	Cq threshold
Gender - Male	< 35	FAM	No Value	Presence/Absence
Gender - Female	> 35	FAM	No Value	Presence/Absence
Powdery Mildew	<40	FAM	No Value	Presence/Absence
Fusarium oxysporum	<40	FAM	No Value	Presence/Absence
Botrytis	<40	FAM	No Value	Presence/Absence
Russet Mites	<40	FAM	No Value	Presence/Absence
Internal Control*	<35	HEX	*Internal control verifies the presence or absence of plant DNA	
Assay Positive Controls	<35	FAM		

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Process Overview

The process for determining gender or the presence of powdery mildew contamination uses real-time quantitative PCR (qPCR) using a multiplex system of primers to detect both cannabis DNA and the target of interest. Below is a simplified depiction of the qPCR assays.



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Kit Specifications

The Leaf Punch Lysis Solution contains 96 reactions (Medicinal Genomics # 420208)

The qPCR Master Kit contains 200 reactions (Medicinal Genomics # 420200). Each FemINDICAtor™ Plant Pathogen Detection Assay Kits contain 200 reactions worth of reagents. Each FemINDICAtor™ or Plant Pathogen Positive Control contains 60 reactions worth of reagents.

Materials:

Supplied by Medicinal Genomics

Used with all assays:

- Leaf Punch Lysis Solution, store at -15 to -20°C (Medicinal Genomics #420208)
- Leaf hole punches (included with Leaf Punch Lysis Buffer)
- qPCR Master Kit, store at -15 to -20°C upon arrival (Medicinal Genomics #420200)

For Gender testing (store at -15°C to -20°C upon arrival):

- Plant Gender Detection Assay (Medicinal Genomics #420112)
- Plant Gender Positive Control (Medicinal Genomics #420312)

For Plant Pathogen testing (store at -15°C to -20°C upon arrival):

- Powdery Mildew Detection Assay (Medicinal Genomics #420115)
- Powdery Mildew Positive Control (Medicinal Genomics #420216)
- Fusarium oxysporum Detection Assay (Medicinal Genomics #420117)
- Fusarium oxysporum Positive Control (Medicinal Genomics #420220)
- Botrytis Detection Assay (Medicinal Genomics #420116)
- Botrytis Positive Control (Medicinal Genomics #420222)
- Russet Mite Detection Assay (Medicinal Genomics #420146)
- Russet Mite Positive Control (Medicinal Genomics #420224)

Materials Supplied by the User

Consumables & Hardware

- Bio-Rad CFX96 Touch Real-Time System (Contact Bio-Rad)
- Bio-Rad Personal PC (Contact Bio-Rad)
- 96 well optical qPCR plates (Bio-Rad Hard-Shell[®] Low-Profile Thin-Wall 96-Well Skirted PCR Plates, Bio-Rad # HSP-9601 or Fisher Scientific 96-Well Armadillo PCR Plate, Fisher # AB2396)
- Adhesive optical seal for qPCR plates (Bio-Rad Microseal® # MSB-1001 or USA Scientific TempPlate® RT Optical Film # 2978-2100)
- Multi-channel pipette P50 or P20 (optional)
- Single channel pipette P10, P20 and P200
- Filtered pipette tips for P10, P20, P50, and P200
- Compact PCR Tube Rack (USA Scientific, #2300-9602 or similar)
- 1.5mL tubes (USA Scientific #1415-2600)
- Reservoirs (Fisher Scientific #14-222-398 or similar)
- Crushed ice or cold racks (1.5ul Tube Bench-top Cryogenic Racks, VWR #89004-558 or similar)
- Table top mini plate centrifuge (Fisher Scientific #14-100-143 or similar)
- Dual rotor personal microcentrifuge, (USA Scientific #2641-0016)
- Table top Vortex Genie (Scientific Industries #SI-0236 or Similar)
- Refrigerator, 4°C
- Freezer, -20°C

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- Laboratory Gloves, (USA Scientific, # 4904-3300 or similar)
- Permanent Marker (Sharpie)
- Plant Stakes
- Toothpicks for punching out leaf punches (can use pipette tips as well)

Reagents

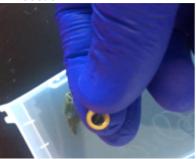
• 10% bleach

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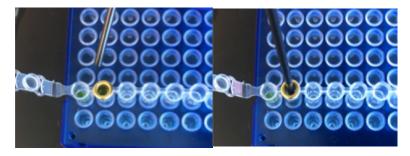


Leaf Sampling:

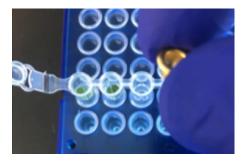
- 1. Put on a new pair of sterile gloves.
- 2. Remove necessary number of pre-aliquoted Leaf Punch Lysis Solution strip tubes to PCR tube rack and let thaw.
- 3. Once thawed quick spin using mini centrifuge with strip tube attachment to bring all contents of solution to the bottom of the tubes.
- 4. Label the wells of the Leaf Punch Lysis Solution strip tubes being used.
- 5. Obtain a disposable leaf punch. Press leaf punch down into leaf on sterile surface and rotate to remove a small section.



6. Remove cap from one strip tube and place leaf punch into the top of the strip tube. Discharge leaf punch with toothpick or pipette tip. Use a fresh toothpick or pipette tip for every leaf punch.



7. Close cap of strip tube and discard leaf punch.



- 8. Repeat steps 5-7 for each sample being tested.
- 9. Change gloves in between each leaf sampling.
- 10. Once finished with leaf sampling, run "Leaf Lysis" program on Bio-Rad CFX Instrument.

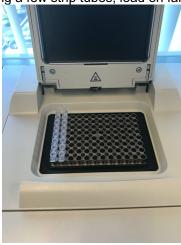
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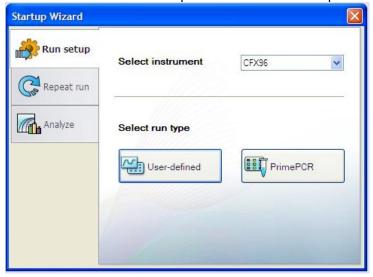
Lysis Reaction Setup:

- 1. Make sure all of the strip tube caps are firmly snapped into place on each tube.
- 2. Briefly spin all strip tubes using mini centrifuge with strip tube attachment to ensure that the Leaf Punch Lysis Solution and leaf punch are in contact with each other to ensure proper lysis. In some cases, the leaf punch may float onto top of the Lysis Solution. This is OK as long as it is in contact with the liquid.
- 3. Place all of the sealed strip tubes onto the Bio-Rad CFX 96.

NOTE: If only loading a few strip tubes, load on far left or right columns as seen below to avoid warping of tubes.



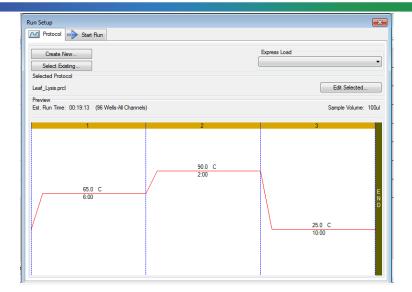
- 4. Start the Leaf Lysis program
 - 4.1. Select User-Defined in the Startup Wizard under Run setup



- 4.2. Use the Express Load dropdown menu to pick the Leaf_Lysis program and click "Next".
 - If not already pre-programmed, create a program with the following specifications and save as "Leaf Lysis"
 - 6 minutes at 65°C
 - 2 minutes at 95°C
 - 10 minutes at 25°C
 - *Set Heated lid to 100°C

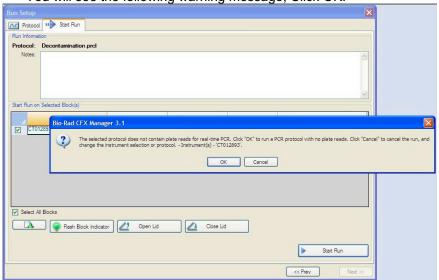
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4.3. Close the lid and click "Start Run."

You will see the following warning message, Click OK.



- 4.4. After approximately 8 minutes when the lysis program is complete, remove the strip tubes from the instrument and briefly spin in mini centrifuge with strip tube attachment to bring contents of each well to the bottom.
- 4.5. Allow the samples to come to room temperature for at least 5 minutes before continuing to qPCR detection assay setup.

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Real-Time Quantitative PCR (qPCR) Protocol

- 1. Remove qPCR Reagents, Assay Probe Mix tube and positive control from the -20°C freezer.
 - 1.1. qPCR Master Mix and Assay Probe Mix tube Place qPCR Master Mix on ice. Allow remaining tubes to defrost at room temperature. Once defrosted, immediately place tubes on ice.
- 2. Before preparing the master mixes, invert or vortex and spin-down the reagents.
 - 2.1. Assay Probe Mix tube Vortex quickly followed by a pulse spin-down in a micro centrifuge.
 - 2.2. Assay Positive Control tube Vortex quickly followed by a pulse spin-down in a micro centrifuge.
 - 2.3. qPCR Master Mix Invert the tube 5 times, followed by a pulse spin-down in a micro centrifuge.
 - 2.4. Reaction Buffer Vortex quickly followed by a pulse spin-down in a micro centrifuge.
 - 2.5. Water Vortex quickly followed by a pulse spin-down in a micro centrifuge.
 - 2.6. Return all reagents to the ice.

Note: Do not vortex the qPCR Master Mix at any point during the protocol.

3. Make master mix in a 1.5mL tube (the probe mix also contains the internal plant control, SCCG probe mix). Label each tube with [Assay Name] MM. Always prepare enough master mix for 1 or 2 additional reactions over the total number of tests to account for pipetting and dead volumes. Be sure to include three extra reactions for the qPCR positive and negative controls and the leaf lysis negative control. For example, if testing 10 plants for gender, you would need to make enough master mix for 14 or 15 reactions, which would account for 1 or 2 excess.

Note: It is best to add the largest volume reagent first, in this case H₂O.

Reagents	1 Reaction	24 reactions (plus 1 excess rxn)	48 reactions (plus 2 excess rxn)
qPCR Master Mix	3.75µL	93.75µL	187.5µL
Assay Probe Mix (Assay Specific)	1μL	25µL	50μL
Reaction Buffer	0.8µL	20μΙ	40µl
Water	8.2	205µL	410µL
Total	13.75µL	343.75µL	687.5µL

- 3.1. Once combined carefully tip mix or invert the tube 5 times to combine the Assay MM tubes
- 3.2. Pulse spin-down in micro centrifuge.
- 3.3. Place MM tube on ice until used in step 5.
- 4. For the positive control(s), make a 1:10 dilution of assay positive control being run
 - 4.1. 1µL of Positive Control dilute with 9µL of water (found in the kit)
 - 4.2. For the negative control, use water (found in the kit).

Note: It is best to add the largest volume reagent first, in this case H₂O.

- 5. Open cap of tube containing lysed leaf sample carefully (pay attention not to spill any liquid). Transfer 5μL of each lysed sample into a separate well of the qPCR plate.
- Add 5μL of the diluted Positive Control to its corresponding well. Then add 5μL of water to the corresponding Negative Control well

Note: ALWAYS use a fresh tip for every liquid transfer into the gPCR plate

- 7. Add 13.75µL of Assay Probe MM to each corresponding sample well, positive control well, and negative control well in the qPCR plate. Gently tip mix a few times after each addition of qPCR master mix. Be careful to not introduce bubbles during this mix.
- 8. Seal the plate with the adhesive seal, making sure to completely seal the plate wells using a pen or flat object to slide back and forth along the seal.
 - 8.1. Spin-down for at least 1 minute in the plate micro centrifuge.

Note: Check for bubbles at the bottom of the wells (bubbles on the surface of the liquid is acceptable). If bubbles remain in the bottom of the wells, spin-down for another minute.

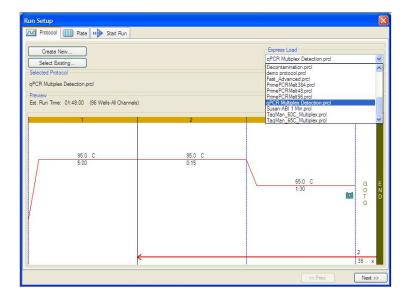
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- 8.2. Label the plate as qPCR Plate [date].
- 8.3. Place the sealed plate onto the Bio-Rad qPCR instrument, positioning the A1 well in the top left corner.
- 9. Use the program labeled qPCR Multiplex Detection on the Bio-Rad qPCR instrument.
 - 9.1. Select User-Defined in the Startup Wizard under Run Setup.
 - 9.2. For Gender, Fusarium, PM Botrytis or Russet Mite assay:
 - 9.2.1.Use the Express Load drop down menu to pick the qPCR Multiplex Detection Program and click Next.
 - If not already pre-programmed, create a cycling program with the following specifications and save as "qPCR Multiplex Detection"
 - Hot start at 95°C for 5 minutes, followed by 40 cycles of 95°C for 15 seconds and 65°C for 1 minute, 30 seconds.



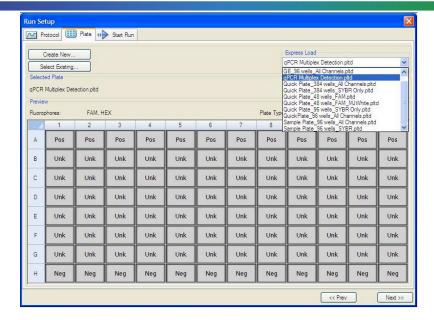
9.3. Click on "Create New" and the plate editor window will appear. Choose FAM and HEX Fluorophores and click "OK".



9.4. If plate layout was previously saved, choose it from the drop-down menu and click "Edit Selected" to move to the Plate Editor Screen.

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9.4.1.On the Plate Editor Screen, change the Sample Type to correlate with your specific plate setup.

NOTE: To select the Sample Type, highlight the wells you would like to define, then choose from the dropdown menu one of three types:

Unknown Positive Control Negative Control

9.4.2. Make sure All Channels is selected from the dropdown menu at the top.



- 9.4.3. Attach the fluorophores to the wells being used.
 - 9.4.3.1. Highlight all the wells being used
 - 9.4.3.2. Highlight the well locations and click on FAM and HEX.
- 9.4.4. When the plate is designed correctly click OK.

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9.4.5.Click "yes" to save your plate. If creating plate layout for the first time, save as "qPCR Multiplex Detection". If you do not save the plate, it will return to the default plate



Note: Saving will override the template (that is fine).

- 9.5. Close the lid and click Start Run.
- 9.6. Save the experiment with the [User] and [date]
- 9.7. When run is complete, immediately dispose of the plate after qPCR. Do not remove the plate seal after the run to avoid contamination in the lab.

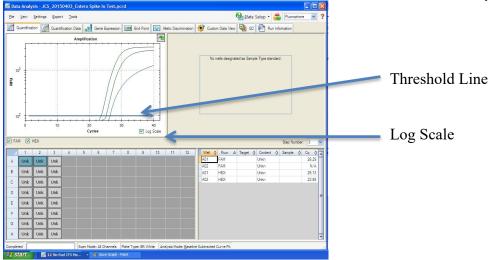
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Detailed Assay Data Analysis

1. Presence / Absence Assays

- **1.1.** The Data Analysis window will open automatically when the run is complete.
- **1.2.** Highlight the well of interest.
 - The graph will appear above.
 - The Cq values will appear to the right.
- **1.3.** To analyze the results
 - Start by turning the graph to Log Scale and manually moving the threshold to 10² for the FAM fluorophore. Also manually move the threshold for the HEX fluorophore half way between 10² and 10³.
 - o To turn the graph to Log Scale, click on the box at the bottom right of the graph.
 - \circ To move the threshold, click on the horizontal lines, and move them to 10^2 on the y-axis.



Controls

- Male specific Positive Control, on the FAM fluorophore, has a Cq value < 35.
 - Visually confirm with the curve on the graph.
- o Male specific Negative Control, on the FAM fluorophore, has a Cq value > 35 or no Cq value.
 - Visually confirm with the curve on the graph.
- o Plant Pathogen specific Positive Control, on the FAM fluorophore, has a Cq value < 35.
 - Visually confirm with the curve on the graph.
- o Plant Pathogen specific Negative Control, on the FAM fluorophore, has a Cq value has no Cq value.
 - Visually confirm with the curve on the graph.
- Unknown Samples (Gender)
 - Internal Control, on the HEX fluorophore, has a Cq value < 35.
 - Visually confirm with the curve on the graph
 - A "presence or male" result for the unknown sample.
 - Any Cq value for the FAM fluorophore < 35.
 - Visually confirm with the curve on the graph. (It is very important to confirm with the amplification curve when a presence result occurred. Sometimes the background amplification will give a false positive reading, especially when Cq reading is less than 15.
 See troubleshooting guide below.)
 - An "absence or female" result for the unknown sample.
 - No Cg value for the FAM fluorophore or a Cg value >35.
 - Visually confirm no curve on the graph.
- Unknown Samples (Plant Pathogen)
 - Internal Control, on the HEX fluorophore, has a Cq value < 35.
 - Visually confirm with the curve on the graph
 - A "presence" result for the unknown sample.

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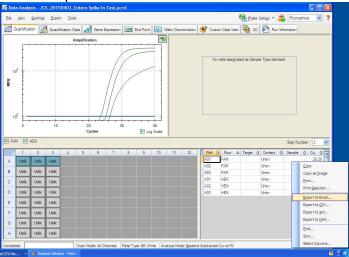
- Any Cq value for the FAM fluorophore < 40.
- Visually confirm with the curve on the graph. (It is very important to confirm with the amplification curve when a presence result occurred. Sometimes the background amplification will give a false positive reading, especially when Cq reading is less than 15.
 See troubleshooting guide below.)
- o An "absence" result for the unknown sample.
 - No Cq value for the FAM fluorophore
 - Visually confirm no curve on the graph.

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2. Export the Data

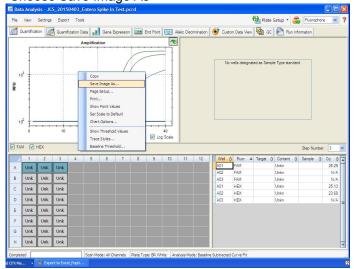
- 2.1. Exporting the Cq values into an Excel spreadsheet.
 - To export the Cq values to an Excel spreadsheet, right- click on the chart on the bottom right of the screen.
 - Choose Export To Excel...



2.2. Saving a visual of the graph

• To save a picture of the graph, right click on the graph on the top left of the screen.

Choose Save Image As



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Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom	Reason	Solution
	Lysis Failure	Repeat Leaf_Lysis and qPCR by following the protocol.
Internal control (SCCG Primer) failure	Mix up in Reaction Setup	Repeat qPCR by following the protocol.
	Missing Fluorophore on plate set up	In the Data Analysis window click on View/Edit Plate Setup from the Settings drop down. All wells should have both FAM and HEX. Once completed and window is closed the analysis should automatically update.
	Small Cq value <15	Visually confirm that there is an amplification curve. If not, this is low level background and is to be expected.
Positive Negative Control	Carry over	Repeat qPCR by following the protocol.
	Insufficient pre- setup bleaching	Wipe down the lab workspace and all equipment with 10% Bleach. Repeat qPCR
Negative Positive Control	Mix up in Reaction Setup	Repeat the qPCR by following the protocol.
Total run failure	Excessive vortex of the qPCR Master Mix	Repeat the qPCR by following the protocol.
Background Amplification Amplification Order of the control of t	Unclear	This is usually seen with a very low Cq reading (<15), the curve is usually missing the exponential growth phase, but rather a gradual increase of florescent signal. This is usually a negative result, but should be repeated if unsure.

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Glossary and Definitions

Deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) is a molecule that encodes the genetic instructions used in the development and functioning of all known living organisms.

Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) is a technology in molecular biology used to amplify a single copy or a few copies of a piece of DNA across several orders of magnitude, generating thousands to millions of copies of a particular DNA sequence.

A fluorophore is a fluorescent chemical compound that can re-emit light upon light excitation.

The **Negative Controls** are the samples where no Cq is expected. It helps to ensure that all Assay specific reactions are clean of contaminates.

The **Positive Control** is the sample where a Cq is expected. It helps ensure that the qPCR Detection assay and instrument are working correctly.

The **Internal Control** is added to every sample where a Cq is expected. It ensures the effectiveness and efficiency of each reaction. The internal control is targeting a Single Copy Control Gene or SCCG, using the HEX fluorophore.

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