

Kit contents

pigtype PRRSV Ab Cat. no. Number of plates	(5) PT272753 5
Test Plate: microtiter plate with 96 wells, coated with recombinant, inactivated EU- and NA-specific PRRSV antigens	5
Sample Diluent, ready to use	1 x 125 ml
Negative Control, ready to use	2 x 3.5 ml
Positive Control, ready to use	2 x 3.5 ml
Wash Buffer, 10x concentrate	2 x 125 ml
Conjugate, ready to use	1 x 60 ml
TMB Substrate, ready to use	1 x 60 ml
Stop Solution, ready to use	1 x 60 ml
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Intended use

The pigtype PRRSV Ab is a specific and sensitive ELISA for the detection of antibodies to *Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome Virus* (PRRSV) in serum and plasma samples from pigs.

For veterinary use only.





Symbols



Legal manufacturer

LOT

Lot number



Use by date



Temperature limitations for storage



Handbook

REF

Catalog number



Material number



For porcine samples

Quality control

In accordance with INDICAL's ISO-certified Quality Management System, each lot of pigtype PRRSV Ab is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

Storage

The components of the pigtype PRRSV Ab ELISA should be stored at 2-8°C and are stable until the expiration date stated on the label. Wash



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Buffer (10x) and Stop Solution may be stored at room temperature (18-25°C) to avoid salt crystallization. If test strips are provided with the kit, store the remaining test strips in the re-sealed foil pouch with desiccant at 2-8°C until next use. The test strips can be stored for at least 6 weeks after opening the plate pouch.

Safety information

When working with chemicals, always wear a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves and protective goggles. For more information, please consult the appropriate safety data sheets (SDSs). These are available from your local sales representative or by Email request under compliance@indical.com.



CAUTION: The Stop Solution contains 0.5 M sulfuric acid.

All sample residues and objects that have come into contact with samples must be decontaminated or disposed of as potentially infectious material.





Introduction

PRRS virus infections in pigs are highly prevalent and have a detrimental economic impact on the pig industry.

PRRSV is an RNA virus that is a member of the family *Arteriviridae*, order *Nidovirales*. PRRS viruses are classified into the European (EU/I) and the North American (NA/II) genotype. PRRS virus infections can cause respiratory disease in piglets and reproductive failure in pregnant sows.

Serology is widely used as a tool for diagnostic purposes. The pigtype PRRSV Ab is a highly sensitive and specific solution for the detection of antibodies to PRRSV (NA and EU virus types) in serum and plasma samples from pigs. It is, thus, an effective method of monitoring the vaccination or infection status of pig herds.

Principle

The pigtype PPRSV Ab is an indirect ELISA. The microtiter test plate is coated with recombinant PRRSV antigens, specific for NA and EU virus types. During sample incubation, antibodies specific for PRRSV bind to the immobilized antigen. Unbound material is removed by rinsing. Antibodies bound to the antigen are detected by a horseradish peroxidase (HRP) conjugate. Unbound conjugate is removed by rinsing. A colorimetric reaction is initiated by adding Substrate Solution and stopped after 10 minutes. If antibodies specific for PRRSV are present in the sample, a blue color develops, which turns yellow after the addition of Stop Solution. The optical density (OD) is measured in a spectrophotometer at 450 nm. The OD value correlates to the concentration of antibodies specific for the NA/EU strains of PRRSV in the sample.





Equipment and reagents to be supplied by user

When working with chemicals, always wear a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves and protective goggles. For more information, consult the appropriate safety data sheets (SDSs), available from the product supplier.

- Beakers
- Measuring cylinders
- Pipets (adjustable)
- Multichannel pipets (adjustable)
- Aluminum or adhesive foil for covering the Test Plate
- Optional: Device for delivery and aspiration of Wash Buffer
- Microtiter plate absorbance reader
- Tubes or plates for diluting the samples
- Distilled water





Important notes

General precautions

The user should always pay attention to the following:

- Do not expose the TMB Substrate Solution to intense light or to sunlight when performing the test.
- Components of the test kit should not be contaminated or mixed with components from other batches.
- Do not use the components of the test kit past the expiration date.
- Water from ion-exchange systems used for diluting the Wash Buffer (10x) may interfere with the assay if not pure enough. Use doubledistilled water or highly purified water (Milli-Q[®]).
- For accurate test results, it is essential to use clean glassware and to pipet and rinse carefully and strictly adhere to the incubation times when performing the test.





Protocol: ELISA test procedure

Important points before starting

- Please read "Important notes" on page 8 before starting.
- Serum and plasma samples can be diluted prior to analysis or can be diluted directly in the Test Plate.
- Controls are ready to use and do not require dilution.

Things to do before starting

- Bring reagents to room temperature (18-25°C) immediately before use. In case of precipitated salt crystals in the Wash Buffer (10x), dissolve by gentle swirling and warming.
- Dilute Wash Buffer (10x) 1:10 in distilled water. For example, for one Test Plate dilute 50 ml Wash Buffer (10x) in 450 ml distilled water and mix.
- If required, serum and plasma samples can be diluted prior to analysis. Dilute serum or plasma samples 1:40 in Sample Diluent (e.g., dilute 5 μl sample in 195 μl Sample Diluent) and mix well. Use plastic tubes or uncoated microtiter plates for dilution. Use a fresh pipet tip for each sample.



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Protocol: ELISA

Please read "Things to do before starting", page 9.

Procedure

- 1. If using samples that were diluted prior to analysis, go to step 1a. If samples should be diluted in the Test Plate, go to step 1b.
- 1a. Pipet 100 µl each of the Negative Control (in duplicates), Positive Control (in duplicates) and the **1:40 prediluted** serum or plasma samples into the wells of the Test Plate. Proceed to step 2.

Note: Record the positions of the controls and samples in a test protocol. We recommend use of a multichannel pipet for sample transfer. Cover the Test Plate.

1b. Pipet 100 μl each of the Negative Control (in duplicates), Positive Control (in duplicates) into the wells of the Test Plate. Dispense 97.5 μl of Sample Diluent into each sample well of the Test Plate and add 2.5 μl undiluted serum or plasma sample. Mix well. Proceed to step 2.

Note: Record the positions of the controls and samples in a test protocol. Mix either by using a plate shaker or by repeated pipetting up and down. Cover the Test Plate.

- 2. Incubate for 30 min at room temperature (18-25°C).
- 3. Remove solution from the wells by aspiration or tapping.
- 4. Rinse each well 5x with 300 μl of prepared (1x) Wash Buffer. Remove the buffer after each rinse by aspiration or tapping.
- 5. Pipet 100 µl ready to use Conjugate into each well and incubate for 30 min at room temperature.
- 6. Remove solution from wells by aspiration or tapping.
- Rinse each well 5x with 300 μl of prepared (1x) Wash Buffer.
 Remove the buffer after each rinse by aspiration or tapping.





- 8. Pipet 100 µl TMB Substrate Solution into each well.
- 9. Incubate for 10 min at room temperature in the dark. Begin timing after the first well is filled.
- 10. Stop the reaction by adding 100 µl Stop Solution per well. Add the Stop Solution in the same order as the Substrate Solution was added.
- 11. Measure the OD in the plate reader at 450 nm within 20 min after stopping the reaction.

Measuring at a reference wavelength (620–650 nm) is optional.

Data interpretation

Validation criteria

The results are valid if the following criteria are met:

- The mean value (MV) of the measured OD value for the Positive Control (PC) must be ≥ 0.5.
- The mean value (MV) of the measured OD value for the Negative Control (NC) must be ≤ 0.3.

In case of invalid assays, the test should be repeated after carefully reading the instructions for use

Calculation

Calculate the MV of the measured OD for the Negative Control (NC) and the Positive Control (PC).

The ratio (S/P) of sample OD to mean OD of the Positive Control is calculated according to the following equation:

$$S/P = \frac{OD_{sample} - MV OD_{NC}}{MV OD_{PC} - MV OD_{NC}}$$





Interpretation of the results

- Samples with S/P-ratio < 0.4 are negative.
 Specific antibodies to PRRSV could not be detected.
- Samples with S/P-ratio ≥ 0.4 are positive.
 Specific antibodies to PRRSV were detected.

INDICAL offers a range of ELISA kits and real-time PCR and real-time RT-PCR kits for the detection of animal pathogens.

Visit **www.indical.com** for more information about bactotype, cador, cattletype, flocktype, pigtype and virotype products.

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KIT VIROTYPE PRRSV RT-PCR

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Change index

Handbook	Version	Change
HB-1944-EN-004	May 2019	Increase of volume for assay controls
HB-1944-EN-003	Aug 2018	INDICAL design





Quick guide for pigtype PRRSV Ab

Sample dilution:

Serum, plasma 1:40; mix well

Step		
1. Sample	100 μl/ well	
2. Incubation	30 min at RT	
3. Wash	5 x 300 μl	
4. Conjugate	100 μl/ well	
5. Incubation	30 min at RT	
6. Wash	5 x 300 μl	
7. TMB	100 μl/ well	
8. Incubation	10 min at RT	
9. Stop	100 μl/ well	
10. Read	450 nm	

Data interpretation

Sample	Negative	Positive
Serum, plasma	S/P < 0.4	S/P ≥ 0.4

